

JEWS, FEARING NEW MASSACRE, FLEE IN PANIC

Outbreak at Siedlice. In Poland, Now Momentarily Expected.

MANY DISORDERS STILL REPORTED

Government Decides to Proceed With Original Plan for Settlement of Agrarian Question—Head of American Branch Office Threatened.

(By Associated Press.)
ST. PETERSBURG, August 23.—There is great alarm in Jewish circles in Russia over developments at Siedlice, Poland, where events seem to be shaping for the outbreak of a program similar to that at Bialystok. The developments parallel almost exactly the preliminaries of the Bialystok massacre. A long series of revolutionary and terrorist signs have been attributed by the police to the Jews, culminating, as was the case at Bialystok, in the assassination of the Chief of Police, Coltseff.

The funeral of Goltschik to-day was the occasion of a great demonstration by the Russian population. The condition of feeling is shown by the refusal of Goltschik's widow to receive a wreath sent by a Jewish society as a mark of its disapproval of the assassination. A similar incident occurred at Bialystok.

Jews Flying.
It now develops that after the explosion of a bomb in a street of the Hebrew quarter, and which, according to the official explanation, was accompanied by revolver firing from four Jewish houses, the troops opened a general fusillade, in which seven Jews and one Christian were killed and many wounded. Thirty-three Jews were arrested on the spot on suspicion of complicity in the bomb-throwing and firing. The Jews in panic are now fleeing from the city.

Siedlice is in the province of the same name, which adjoins the province of Grodno, in which Bialystok is located, and the two cities are about sixty miles apart.

Aside from the province of Stavropol, the Northern Caucasus agrarian situation is now more serious in the provinces of Poltava and Vladimir, where the peasantry are indulging in the customary pillaging and destruction of estates and in the employment of the latter purpose phosphorus, with which they have been supplied by the revolutionary organization.

Excesses are increasing and sporadic disorders are reported in the provinces of Moscow, Yaroslavl, Volynia, Simbirsk, Kazan and Yekaterinburg.

Premier Stolypin has sent a circular to all governors, ordering them to employ the most energetic measures to prevent the peasantry from taking possession of private estates, to which they are being incited by the revolutionists.

Agrarian Threatened.
The manager of the Odessa branch of the New York Life Insurance Company to-day received a letter demanding a contribution of \$10,000 to the revolutionary cause, and threatening him with death if he refused. Instead of paying the money the manager notified the police, and informed Governor Kaibura that he demanded protection, which was furnished.

An important series of conferences began last night at Peterhof on the question of the immediate distribution of the crown lands and appendages to the peasants, in attempting to find a partial solution of the agrarian question by measurably appeasing the land-hunger of the peasantry.

Robbery on Crowded Cars.
(By Associated Press.)
VIADIKAYAZ, August 23.—Robbers to-day entered a crowded car on a railroad train at Essentuki and shot a clerk who was carrying a bag of money, accompanying the clerk, jumped from the train with the cash. The robbers were not captured.

Police Chief Killed.
(By Associated Press.)
STAVROPOL, August 23.—Captain of Police Avdeyev was killed yesterday in a neighboring village while attempting to arrest three agitators.

**SHOT SIX TIMES;
'PHONED TO POLICE**

(By Associated Press.)
OAKTON, O., August 23.—After having been shot six times by masked burglars, C. B. Bittner, a saloonkeeper, staggered to the telephone and notified the police last night, at which time he was shot again. He is in a critical condition. Bittner had a desperate encounter with the robbers and struck one of them a terrible blow in the face with a beer glass. The robbers secured \$250 and a gold watch and escaped.

**JAPANESE GOVERNMENT
MAKES INVESTIGATION**

(By Associated Press.)
LONDON, August 23.—The Daily Telegraph's Tokyo correspondent says that the Japanese consul at Vancouver, having reported that it is impossible for him to obtain a satisfactory or full report of the killing of the Japanese poachers by Americans in the Aleutian Islands, the Japanese government has decided to carry out its investigation of the affair and may send a commission to the Aleutian Islands.

Worthless Check.
Alphonse Gordon, a young white man, was arrested by Captain Tomlinson and Sergeant Wilshire and Bailey at 10 o'clock this morning on the charge of purchasing a horse from P. B. Robinson, an establishment with a worthless check signed for \$40.

NOW FIGURING PROMINENTLY IN CUBAN REVOLUTION



TROOP OF MOUNTED RURALES.

JEROME LAUGHS AT HEARST BOOM

Declares Newspaper Man Will Not Figure In Convention.

SHARP ATTACK ON TAMMANY CHIEFS

District Attorney Discusses Political Situation in New York. Says Convention Must Voice Will of People and Not of Bosses.

(By Associated Press.)
NEW YORK, August 23.—District Attorney William Traversa Jerome to-day again talked of the political situation in this State. He said he believed the time was now ripe for the many leaders of Tammany Hall to state their positions. He also declared that Mr. Hearst as a man did not figure in the coming convention.

"If Mr. Hearst is nominated by the Democratic Convention will you support him?" Mr. Jerome was asked.

"You will never face this situation," he replied. "Let's discuss something practical. The Democratic party has had to swallow some bitter draughts in the past, but it will never stand for that medicine."

Jerome Sarcastic.
"The Murphy incident is an epic, and good epic poetry is dying out," said Mr. Jerome, however, should not be so severely criticized. This is a Christian world and a Christian example should be praised. This is a campaign of the Ten Commandments. I am running on the Ten Commandments platform. Hearst is going to go, and O'Connell is the greatest exponent of us all. There is no one in public life, on the platform or in the platform, who does not have regard for the Ten Commandments.

"The way to settle a fight is to fight. The leaders might as well fight. Murphy has led, now let some one else lead."

**YOUTH CHARGED WITH
FORGING MANY CHECKS**

Young White Man Arrested Last Night at House of His Grandmother.

Burnett Reyburg, a white boy eighteen years old, was arrested at 12:30 o'clock last night by Sergeant Wilshire, Captain Tomlinson and Sergeant Bailey on the charge of forging and passing several checks for amounts running from \$40 to \$25.



GENERAL BANDERA, Head of the Insurgents, Killed Yesterday.

MISS CONDREY IS RUN OVER BY CAR

Attempted to Cross in Front of Car Near Twenty-Fifth and Marshall Streets.

BODY TERRIBLY MANGLED

Did Not Have Time to Stop Car. Motorman and Conductor Arrested.

Attempting to cross directly in front of a rapidly moving car, Miss Lucrecia Condrey, of 802 North Twenty-fifth Street, was run over and killed yesterday morning a little before 12 o'clock, by Broad Street Car No. 411. The accident occurred near the corner of Marshall and Twenty-fifth Streets, as the car was moving down grade northward. The car struck Miss Condrey squarely, and she fell directly beneath the wheels, the car going entirely over her prostrate body. The unfortunate woman was mangled beyond all recognition. The body being almost severed just above the waist, and death must have been instantaneous.

Eyewitnesses, in accounting for the accident, said that the motorman, Mr. J. G. Bradley, did everything in his power to stop the car, but that he did not have time, after the woman had gotten on the track. The car was not halted until it had gotten ten or fifteen yards beyond where the accident occurred.

All the passengers immediately poured from the car, and Captain Frank Cunningham, who was a passenger on the car at the time, and Mr. Leslie Powell, a fireman of Company No. 4, of the Richmond Fire Department, who happened to be standing nearby, tenderly lifted the body from between the rails, and laid it down close beside.

Mr. Powell then telephoned for the city ambulance, which soon responded, with Mr. Higgins in charge. There was nothing, however, that mortal aid could do, save to wrap the body with a winding sheet to hide it from the curious crowd, and await the coming of the coroner.

Coroner Taylor soon after arrived on the scene, but did not disturb the body. He examined the facts in the case, and then decided to hold the inquest at 10 o'clock this morning in his office in the City Hall.

Car Men Arrested.

Motorman J. G. Bradley and Conductor J. F. Burnett were immediately placed under arrest by Police Officer Duke and taken to the First Police Station, where they were later held by Justice Crutchfield on the sum of \$5,000 each for their appearance in the Police Court this morning.

From all accounts of the accident, it seems that Miss Condrey suddenly made up her mind to cross the track after the car had gotten close upon her. There is a down grade at this point, and this probably accelerated the ordinary speed of the car. Motorman Bradley saw her too late, and his attempts to stop the car were futile.



PRESIDENT PALMA AND CABINET.



A TYPICAL CUBAN SOLDIER.

STRANGE ROMANCE REVEALED BY SUIT

Virginia Girl Got Letters Mixed and Sent Acceptance to Young Man Whose Proposal She Wished to Decline.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)
ST. LOUIS, MO., August 23.—Mrs. Amy Sturgeon, one of the best known young matrons in St. Louis society, has been sued for divorce by Robert T. Sturgeon.

"When Mrs. Sturgeon, then the beautiful Miss Amy Bay, first came to St. Louis from Virginia, her native State," said a friend of Mrs. Sturgeon to-day, "she at once became popular with the young men of local society and had many admirers. Among that number were Robert T. Sturgeon, and a young Louisville beau, and these two were soon running a hot race, in the lead of others, as rivals for her hand."

"Finally formal declarations came from both, and it was necessary for Amy Bay to make her choice. Young Sturgeon and the Louisville man were awaiting her reply, each aware that he had a dangerous rival in the other. At last she decided to write to the young Kentuckian, telling him that she would be his wife. The letter to the Louisville suitor still open before her, Miss Bay also wrote a letter to Mr. Sturgeon, saying how sorry she felt that she could not return his love. It was a sincere friendly letter, and it, too, did not carry on its pages the name of the man for whom it was intended."

"Having written these two letters of such differing import, Miss Bay proceeded to place them in the envelopes, which she directed to the respective addresses of her two suitors, and then it was that a mischievous fate intervened. She placed the letter to Mr. Sturgeon in an envelope addressed to the young Kentuckian, thus temporarily declining the suit of the man whom she had in reality decided to accept. The letter for the Kentuckian was placed in the envelope addressed to Mr. Sturgeon. It notified him that his suit was accepted, Miss Bay consenting to marry him. Thereupon young Mr. Sturgeon hurried to Miss Bay's home, an accepted suitor."

"The young lady, amazed, listening to his first words following their meeting, realized what she had done. He had received the letter to her favored Kentucky suitor and believed that he had been victorious over the Kentuckian. Here again came proof of the strangely equal regard felt by Miss Bay for her two admirers. She had not the heart to tell Mr. Sturgeon of her mistake. She was thinking to herself, even as he spoke, that may be, after all, fate had intervened for her good, and that she did care more for the St. Louisian than for the other, and so she married him."

**FATALLY HURT. RAN
TO AID HIS COMRADES**

(By Associated Press.)
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., August 23.—Though fatally scalded by the explosion of several tubes in the boiler-house of the Alacorn Pumping Station to-day, Joseph Madara, one of the firemen employed in the place, ran a quarter of a mile to the chief engineer's home to procure aid for his two fellow-employees whom he believed to have been more seriously injured than himself. He fell unconscious as he told of the accident, and was rushed to a hospital in an ambulance, where he died in a few hours. His comrades were only slightly hurt as they did not receive the full force of the escaping steam.

CLAREMONT MAN STILL MISSING

Vanished From Broadway Central Hotel and Every Trace Utterly Lost.

POSSIBLE VICTIM OF CAR RIOTS

His Trunk at the Hotel Empty When Examined—Said He Was Going to Seaside.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)
NEW YORK, August 23.—Mystery still surrounds the disappearance in this city of T. A. Stewart, of Claremont, Va., who vanished from the Broadway Central Hotel on August 9th. Mr. Stewart, who had been a regular patron of the hotel on his trips to New York in the course of many years, registered at the Broadway Central on August 7th, where he was constantly seen around the corridors for the two days following.

His baggage consisted of a trunk and a handbag. On the afternoon of August 9th, Mr. Stewart, in chatting with one of the hotel clerks, complained of the heat and said it was too hot to remain in the city. Later, he said, he intended going to the seashore and left the hotel. That was his last seen of him. It is not known to what seaside resort he is intended going, but it is believed his destination was Coney Island.

When he did not return in three days, the hotel people, as is their custom, removed Mr. Stewart's baggage from the room he occupied. Mail inquiries from his Virginia relatives, as to his whereabouts led the hotel people to open Mr. Stewart's baggage. His trunk was found empty. His handbag contained some unimportant personal effects and his check-book.

The day of Mr. Stewart's disappearance was one of the days during the Coney Island car riots, and the theory was advanced to-day among patrons of the Broadway Central that Mr. Stewart may have been injured in a melee or knocked off the trolley near Coney Island Creek, where a trolley car killed a woman during the riots.

POLICE HIGHWAYMAN SHOT AT ARMOUR CAR

Then Climbed Into Machine and Thrust Pistol Into Faces of Women.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)
CHICAGO, ILL., August 23.—Mrs. J. Ogden Armour, accompanied by her little daughter, Lolita, famous as Dr. Lorenz's star patient, and the child's nurse and her governess, were driving through Rogers Park to-day in Mr. Armour's big red machine, when they were attacked in highwayman fashion by a policeman. All of the occupants in the machine, including Chauffeur Huer, declare that the policeman shot at the car and its three until every chamber of his revolver was emptied. Then, according to the Armour party, he sprang upon the machine and thrust his weapon in the faces of the women. Mrs. Armour grabbed the revolver barrel, turned it away from Lolita and begged the policeman not to shoot. It is feared that the excitement of the hold-up and the noise of the firing might affect the health of Lolita. Mr. Armour asserts that he will prosecute the policeman.

ANOTHER TOWN LOST; CUBA TO GET GUNS HERE

Will be Manned by Artillerymen Procured in United States.

REBEL CHIEFTAIN SLAIN BY GUARDS

Death of Bandera is Severe Blow to Revolutionary Movement. Administration Still Professes Its Ability to Restore Order.

(By Associated Press.)
HAVANA, August 23.—Pont Sterling Secretary of the Treasury, late to-night cleared up in a statement to the Associated Press a misleading announcement made at the palace to-night to the effect that the Cuban government had asked the United States for eight rapid-fire guns, manned by American artillerymen, to be used in the suppression of the insurrection. The facts are, according to the secretary, that the government has ordered from an American arms manufacturing company four rapid-fire guns, and that these pieces will be manned by former members of the artillery branch of the American Army now here. If these guns prove to be effective, four or more additional guns will be ordered, and it is expected that experienced gunners can be procured in the United States to man them. The United States has not been asked to do anything in the premises.

The subject of American intervention is not much discussed here, and is regarded as a remote possibility, there being general confidence that the government will be able to restore order in a short time.

The killing of the insurrectionary leader, General Bandera, in a fight between rural guards and a band of his followers is regarded as dealing the insurrection a heavy blow. The government is acting with energy in sending machine guns and volunteers against the Bandera rebels and in dispatching one hundred and fifty more men to defend Pinar del Rio against Pino Guerra.

Capture of Town.
The capture of San Juan de Martinez by Guerra's band was not a great surprise, though it was not expected to occur so soon. The place was protected by a very small detachment of rural guards, while Guerra's strength was much greater.

The taking of Pinar del Rio will be quite another matter, since there are in that vicinity twice as many troops as the insurgent Pino Guerra can muster. It is regarded as more than probable that the troops will take the offensive, and it is possible, draw Guerra into an open fight.

While government reinforcements are going forward, Guerra's following is not believed to have been greatly augmented by his occupancy of the two Vueltas Abajo towns.

Sentiment Doubtful.
Public opinion appears to vary according to loyalty, from enthusiastic adherence to the government to open rebellion.

In this city the general attitude is one of apathy. The opposition and independent newspapers discuss with analytical coldness the cry that if the government is not able to quell the insurrection within two months, other forcible means must be employed for the restoration of order. There are no ringing calls to arms. The moderate newspapers print with approval the resolutions declaring adherence to the government by their party organizations, but there has been nothing which could be fairly described as a general rally cry of the people in defense of the government.

NEGRO LEADER IS SLAIN BY GUARDS

Death of Bandera Declared to Be Serious Blow to Revolutionary Movement.

(By Associated Press.)
HAVANA, August 23.—General Quintin Bandera, the famous negro leader of Havana province, who recently headed an insurgent band and began operating against the government, was killed this morning in an encounter with rural guards.

The body of Bandera lay in the morgue at Havana to-day, flanked by those of two mulatto comrades, all frightfully gashed by the long, heavy machetes of the rural guards, who ended their career. Across the street, in Neptune Park, a great crowd, mostly negro friends of Bandera, watched the morgue with silent interest.

The arrival of Bandera's body here was the first news of the fight in which he met his death.

Story of Fight.
The conflict occurred at the Silveira Farm, near Punta Brava, fifteen miles from Havana. A detachment of thirty-eight mounted rural guards, under Captain Ignacio Delgado and Lieutenant Martinez, were searching throughout the night for Bandera's party. At 2 o'clock this morning the guards at the edge of the Silveira Farm, when they were suddenly fired upon by Bandera's followers, twenty in number. The guards rushed upon the insurgents, but with the exception of their chief and his two leading comrades, they all succeeded in getting away. The guards made the chief and his two companions a special object of attack, and all three received several bullet wounds and were horribly mutilated by